Issues of Relationships Knowledge Organizer

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St. Paul	1. Key People Many argue whether Je Paul is the founder of Christianity. Some of wh wrote to other Christian controversial, including	 many people in both religions. In Christianity, it's taught that people should get married, and that families should be formed within marriage Adultery is a sin in Christianity: it ages against the Seventh 	adultery	Consensual sex between a married person and a person who's not their spouse.
	views on women and sexuality.	Divorce is discouraged by the C of E but accepted in some cases. The RC Church teaches that divorce is always a sin, but an annulment is sometimes possible.	divorce	To legally end a marriage.
St. Thomas Aquinas The Dalai Lama	Thomas promoted the of theory of Natural Law: H are naturally good, sho a certain way to please and can work out what The Dalai Lama has said the ways religious peop	 The RC Church teaches that using contraception is wrong, but other churches see it as good family planning and, as in Buddhism, a way of preventing potential suffering. RC priests are celibate (don't have sex) and stay single, but priests in most other churches marry and have sex in their relationships Many Christians say homosexuality goes against God's plan for human reproduction. Others say that to be gay is not sinful as all humans are 	cohabitation	To live together and have a sexual relationship, without being married or in a civil partnership.
The	should behave differen non-religious people in relationships. This church says people get married, but even it	 The RC Church doesn't have female priests, but some other churches do. Buddhism does not teach that people should get married. If Buddhists do get married, there are religious teachings to guide their behaviour 	commitment	A sense of dedication and obligation to someone or something.
Church of England (C of E)	don't, they can still look church for support. The several different approv to same-sex relationship church.	 to the e are acches as in this Adultery is seen as a cause of suffering, and goes against the Third Precept of Buddhism. Some schools of Buddhism view homosexual sex as going against the Third Precept. Others disagree, saying acts causing suffering are wrong; someone's orientation is irrelevant. 	contraception	Methods used to prevent a woman from becoming pregnant during or after sex.
The Roman Catholic (RC) Church	This church says having children should only ha within marriage. There a several different approv to same-sex relationship church.	 Monks and nuns in the Theravada tradition are often single and celibate, but in some Mahayana traditions they marry The Buddha allowed women to become nuns on condition that they follow extra rules to ensure their safety; the Eight Garudhammas 	gender equality	People of all genders enjoying the same rights and opportunities in all aspects of their lives.
4. C		5. Contexts ife in the UK has changed very much in the last 100 years. Changes in the law have given eople more choices when deciding how to live and what to do with their lives.	responsibilities	Actions/duties you're expected to carry out.
Identity and Community		the concept of karma leads to different responses when Buddhists think about issues. On one hand, performing good deeds is encouraged as it reduces suffering. On the other hand, "what goes around comes around", so should people be "blamed" for misfortunes? While most people in the UK belong to a religion, there is a greater variety of religious beliefs than in the past. Also, secular (non-religious) worldviews are increasing in popularity. "Love your neighbour as you love yourself." – Jesus said that people do what is best for others and think about how their actions affect others, whoever they are. This raises big questions when we think about many of the issues in this topic.		A position, status or function of a person in society, as well as the characteristics and behaviour expected of them.