## RE: Why is there suffering and are there any good solutions?

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Muslims  Followers of God who believe that they must follow God's laws as revealed to the prophe Muhammad.	
atheist humanists  People who don't belie a god, gods or afterlife share the same ideas of how people should live that all are happy.	and about

## 2. You need to know...

- There are different **causes** of suffering in the world today
- Some people live in absolute poverty, when people fall below a global level of income and are **unable to access basic services**, like medicine and shelter
- Other people live in relative poverty, when they are poor in relation to the standard of the society they live in
- Humans use animals for many things, like transport, wool and food. Sometimes they are seen as a means to an
  end and are harmed.
- More often, animals are cared for and valued, as in the case of **pets**.
- Many Jews and Christians say animals should be treated well because the Bible says God created **all** living things and humans should work **with** nature to **maintain** Earth. This doesn't mean people shouldn't use them for their needs, like food.
- The idea of **stewardship** is shared by many religious and non-religious people.
- Many people are **vegetarian** because humans don't need meat in their diets. They say killing animals for food is unnecessary and causes animal suffering. **Vegans** say using **any** animal-based products is cruel.
- Judaism teaches that Jews have a responsibility to make the world better; tikkun olam.
- **Tzedek** is a Jewish charity that helps people regardless of their beliefs
- Judaism and Islam have religious laws about food. In Islam, acceptable things are halal.
- Many Christians say **sin** is the **cause** of suffering
- Jesus said that people should help each other in times of need
- Christian Aid is a Christian charity that helps people regardless of their beliefs
- Many Buddhists say craving things and being attached to things causes suffering; dukkha
- Buddhist teaching emphasizes that individuals cause their own suffering, in the way they react to the things that
  affect them in life
- Buddhism promotes vegetarianism
- Many atheists and atheist humanists say religions that focus on a god that **rewards and punishes** people for their actions encourage many believers to accept suffering when they should try to **stop** it
- It is said by many atheists that if God existed, God would **stop** suffering in the world, so there is **no** God. Suffering is completely humans' doing.

## 5. Contexts

- Farming methods are often used as examples of animal cruelty, but many countries have very high standards of animal welfare on their farms. The UK is one of them.
- For many atheists and atheist humanists, believing in a god, especially the god of the Abrahamic faiths (Judaism, Christianity and Islam), goes against **common sense** and reason; there is no **proof** of God's existence and scientific evidence strongly suggests that many Bible stories are untrue
- They say there is a big **problem** because some religions put forward the idea that **only** God can solve Earth's problems, rather than people

## 3. Key vocabulary

**vegetarian:** only eating vegetables, not eating meat

**vegan:** not using anything that comes from animals

tikkun olam: Hebrew for "world repair"

**sin:** doing things that are wrong to God, or being apart from God

**dukkha:** "unsatisfactoriness", suffering

**metta:** loving kindness towards oneself and other beings

halal: Arabic for "allowed"

stewardship: being in charge

**human rights:** things everyone should be able to do or have

faith: believing something to be true without needing evidence others can see

