Securing Success in Year 11

80 days to go!



Headteacher's Welcome - Mrs Del Gaudio

Excellence and Equity



"No excuses"

We will hold **everyone** to the same high standard, so that everyone achieves.



"Look after each other"

We will show that we care by doing what is right, not easy, and by looking after every individual in TEAM Saltash.



"Be the best you can be"

Aspiration

Everyone deserves to succeed and to be celebrated for their achievements. We expect 100% effort, 100% of the time.



"Make it count"

Motivation

Education transforms lives. We will make sure that every second of every day counts.



Tenacity | Empathy | Aspiration | Motivation



Aims for this evening

By the end of tonight's meeting, you will know...

- What you can expect from us in the next 80 days
- What the exam period will be like for your child
- The best ways that your child can revise
- Some guidance on how to best support revision at home.



The TEAM around Year 11





Regular lesson observations on all teaching staff in order to quality assure lessons and ensure that Year 11 lessons in the build up to exams are focussed and calm.

After-school professional development for staff focuses heavily on teaching quality and what is proven to work.



Pastoral care of all Year 11 students.

With the support of eight form tutors, responds to day-to-day issues including attendance, wellbeing and behaviour.



Co-ordination of revision timetable and what each subject can offer.

Encouragement to revise and go the extra mile in the final months – Prom Pass, House rewards system.

Specific focus on those students at risk of not achieving a pass grade in English or Maths.

GCSE Results Day: Thursday 22nd August

Imagine it's results day. You're at school, surrounded by nervous peers and grinning teachers, with whom you avoid eye contact. Maybe your parents are with you. Maybe they're even more invested than you are.

Pressure is in the air, the people and in that envelope. You find your name and take it.

In that moment, you want to feel that you gave it your all. You didn't burn yourself out in the process but you also didn't leave those grades to chance. You worked efficiently – not just harder but smarter.

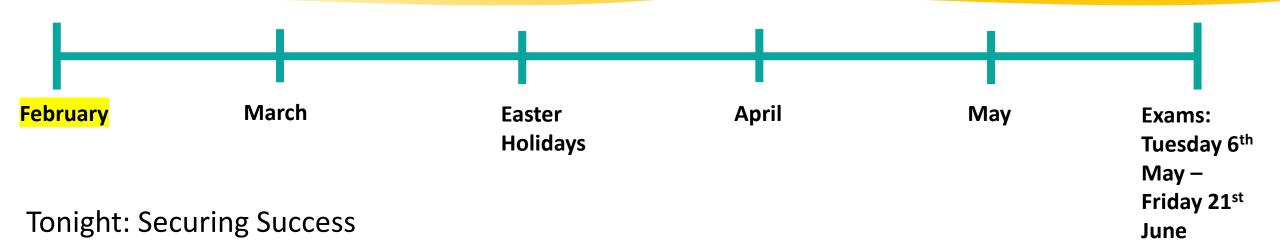
You can open those results knowing you did your best.

That is enough.





Saltash Community School

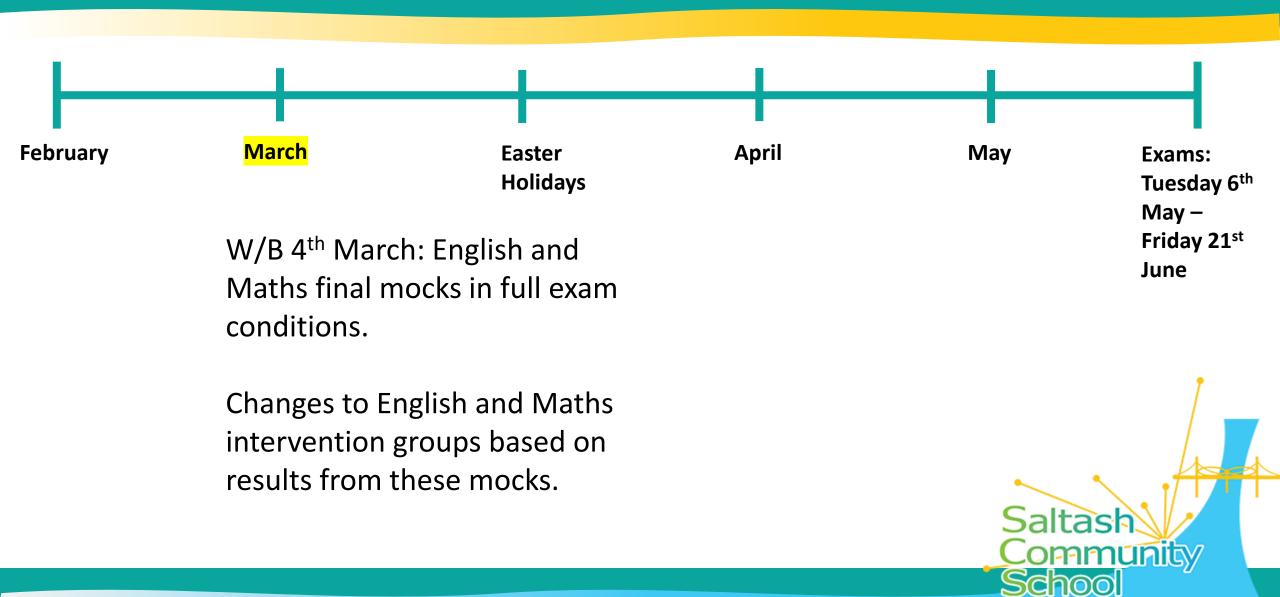


Thursday 22nd: Y11 Parent's

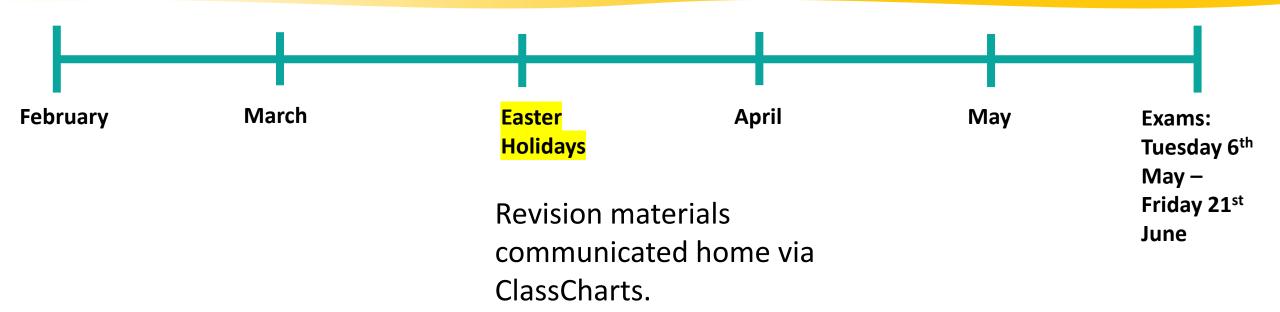
Evening

Changes to form time to focus on English and Maths revision

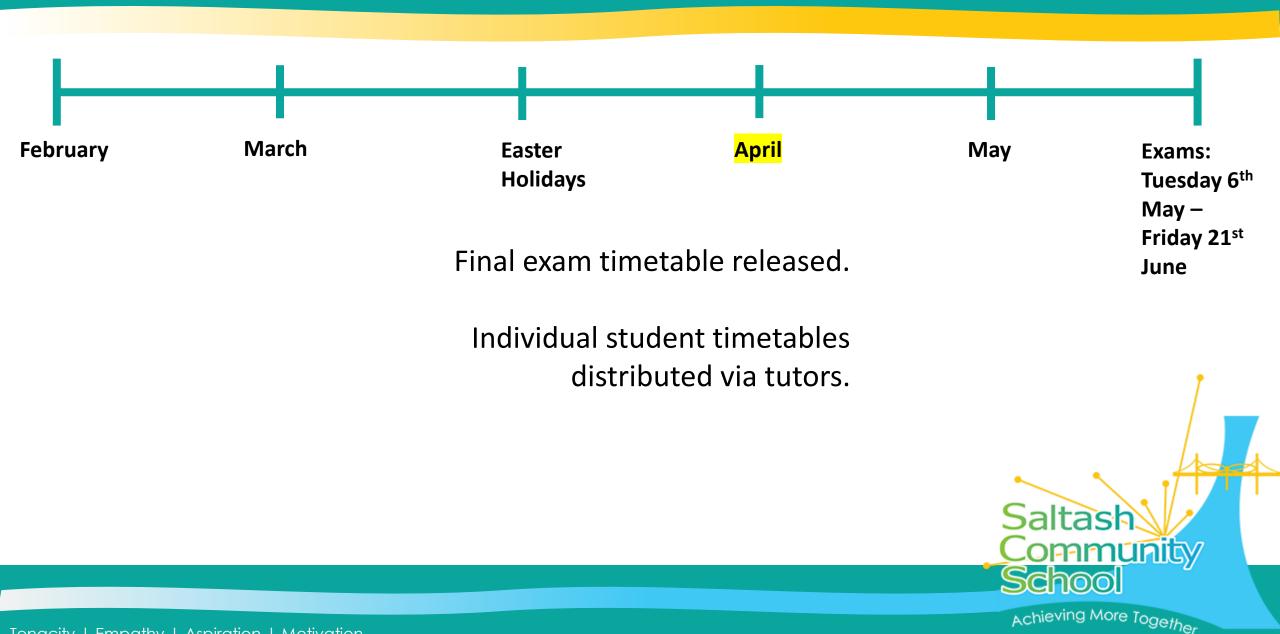


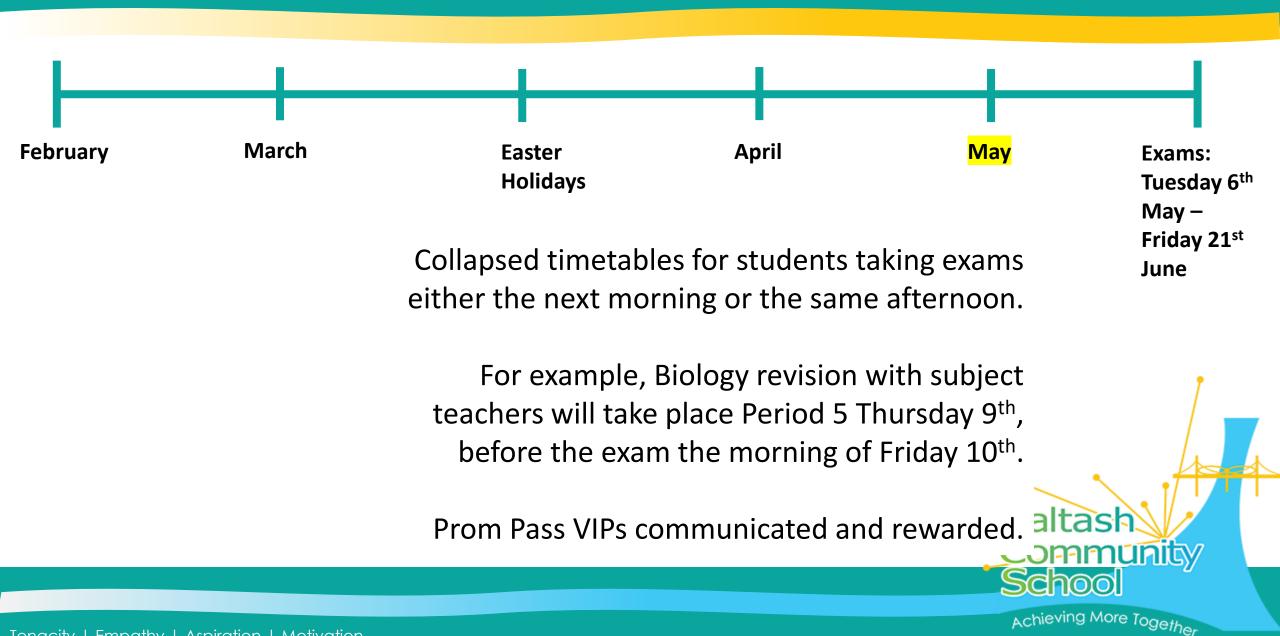


Achieving More Together









What is the exam period like for a pupil?

- The vast majority of lessons will continue as normal, all the way through the exam period.
- The exceptions to this are **Art (post-exam), Core RE** and **Personal Development** lessons, where students will be expected to bring revision with them to work from and use.
- All exams begin with a silent line-up in the Quad area and a pre-exam briefing from the Head of Department.
- Pupils with exam access arrangements which include a smaller/private room will be roomed in the same area of the building for all exams (rooms 10, 11 and 12).
- Lessons during and immediately after exams will continue as normal.



"How do I revise?"

- Our published revision strategies will all be underpinned by the work of The Learning Scientists – a team of educational psychologists whose primary focus is the science of learning.
- Our advice can be distilled down into three clear revision activities:
 - flashcards
 - mind maps
 - exam-style practice







LEARN TO STUDY USING...

Spaced Practice

SPACE OUT YOUR STUDYING OVER TIME

1 TESTING

2 SPACING

SKETCHING





LEARN TO STUDY USING..

Interleaving

SWITCH BETWEEN IDEAS WHILE YOU STUDY

TOPIC

Â

TOPIC



TOPIC







HOW TO DO I

LEARN TO STUDY USING ...

Retrieval Practice

PRACTICE BRINGING

INFORMATION TO MIND



LEARN TO STUDY USING..

Dual Coding

COMBINE WORDS AND VISUALS



The act of revising:

Flashcards, mind maps, exam practice



Concrete Examples

USE SPECIFIC EXAMPLES TO UNDERSTAND ABSTRACT IDEAS





Elaboration

EXPLAIN AND DESCRIBE IDEAS WITH DETAILS



HOW TO DO IT

Planning to revise: Revision timetable

two weeks is better than the same five hours all at once.

Review information from each class, but not immediately after class.

After you review information from the most recent class, make sure to go back and study important older information to keep it fresh.



HOW TO DO IT

Switch between ideas during a study session. Don't study one idea for too long.

Go back over the ideas again in different orders to strengthen your understanding.

Make links between different ideas as you switch between them. Take as many practice tests as you can get your hands on. If you don't have ready-made tests, try making your own and trading with a friend who has done the

You can also make

sure you practice

thinking of links

between ideas.

flashcards. Just make

recalling the informa-

tion on them, and go

beyond definitions by

same.

Look at visuals, and explain in your own words what they mean.

to the words.

Look at your class

materials and find

visuals. Look over the

visuals and compare

Take information that you are trying to learn, and draw visuals to go along with it. look in your class materials for as many examples as you can find.

Make the link between the idea you are studying and each example, so that you understand how the example applies to the idea.

Share examples with friends, and explain them to each other for added benefits.

As you elaborate, make connections between different ideas to explain how they work together. Take two ideas and think of ways they are similar and different.

Describe how the ideas you are studying apply to your own experiences or memories. As you go through your day, make connections to the ideas you are learning in class.



ether

"How do I revise?" – Revision Timetables

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10		



"How do I revise?" – Revision Timetables

What do I want to achieve after school today? After school revision 1600-1630 1630-1700 1700-1730 1730-1800		Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	
revision 1600-1630 1630-1700 1700-1730 1730-1800	to achieve after								
1630-1700 1700-1730 1730-1800									
1700-1730 1730-1800	1600-1630								
1730-1800	1630-1700								
	1700-1730								<i>†</i>
1800-1830	1730-1800								/ !
	1800-1830								
1830-1900	1830-1900								1

Achieving more rogethe

"How do I revise?" – Revision Timetables

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
What do I want to achieve after school today?		•	•				
After school revision	What	makes a	a good re	<u>vision ti</u>	<u>metable</u>	<u>:?</u>	
1600-1630	• Be	realistic	with you	ır (or the	eir) expe	ctations.	
1630-1700						bies/frier	nds.
1700-1730			nd hold t it away -				
1730-1800			e in a sha			_	
1800-1830	• Dis	scuss it a	nd chang	ge it as yo	ou go.		
1830-1900							

The three revision strategies: flashcards

- Begin by making a list of all of the key concepts you need to know about from a subject or topic. These go on one side of the flashcard.
- On the other side, write the definition or explanation of that concept.
- On a simple level, these flashcards can then be used to quickly test knowledge on different topics.



<u>-ommunity</u>

The three revision strategies: flashcards

 With a <u>second set of flashcards</u>, write out different tasks that allow you to elaborate on the concept and its definition. These tasks could be tasks like:

Describe a movie/television scene that depicts this concept Describe this concept without using any key words written on the flashcard

Draw this concept

Give a real life example of this concept

How would you explain this to a child/someone who has never heard of it before?

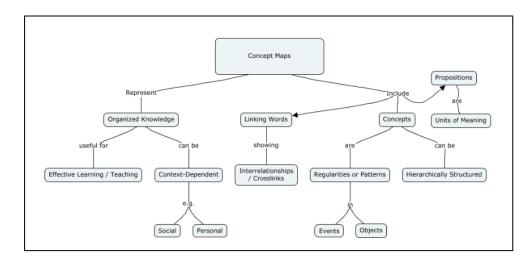
What is the opposite of this concept?

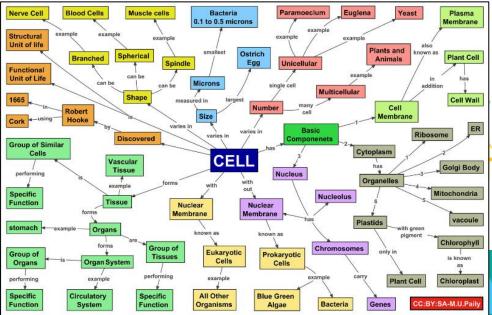
Why is knowledge of this concept useful to you?



The three revision strategies: mind maps

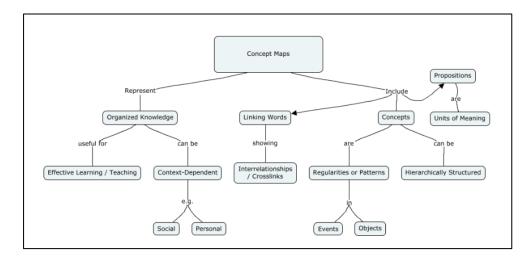
- A mind map can take many forms, including:
 - Organised or structured maps where information is hierarchical (top right)
 - A non-hierarchical map where information is linked together but not written in any particular "order" (bottom right)
 - A "brain dump" of information, where the primary goal is to retrieve information from the working memory and record this in a different format.

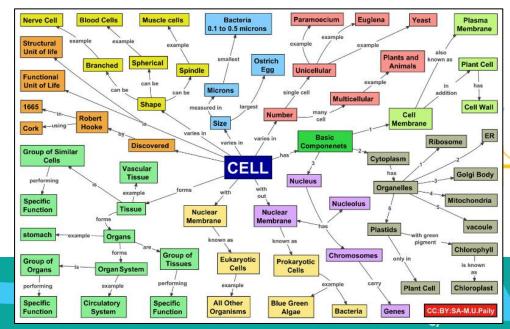




The three revision strategies: mind maps

- Mind maps can be particularly useful for textbook-based subjects, as information presented in paragraphs can be transformed into key words and phrases in a mind map.
- Research shows that there is very little benefit to just "copying out", so the creation of a mind map forces students to be selective in terms of what they include and what they leave out.





- At this stage before exam season, this is the big one!
- Exam-style questions allow learners to elaborate on their knowledge in precisely the same way that they will need to on exam day.
- The retrieval practice, dual coding and concrete examples practiced with mind maps and flashcards feed into this final revision strategy: it all comes down to how learners can perform in specific questions/tasks, with specific time limits.



		Candidate number		
deelere this is mu	ours work			
1	eclare this is my	eclare this is my own work.	Candidate number	

GCSE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Paper 2 Writers' viewpoints and perspectives

Wednesday 2 November 2022 Morning Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

For this paper you must have:

Source A and Source B – provided as a separate Insert.

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided
- Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages. If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- You must refer to the Insert booklet provided
- · You must not use a dictionary

- · The marks for questions are shown in brackets
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- There are 40 marks for Section A and 40 marks for Section B.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.
- . You will be assessed on the quality of your reading in Section A. You will be assessed on the quality of your writing in Section B.

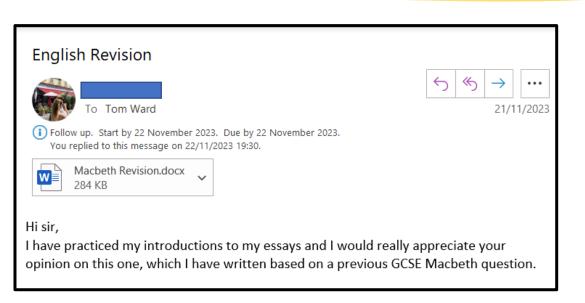
- You are advised to spend about 15 minutes reading through the sources and all five questions you

You should make sure you leave sufficient time to check your answers.

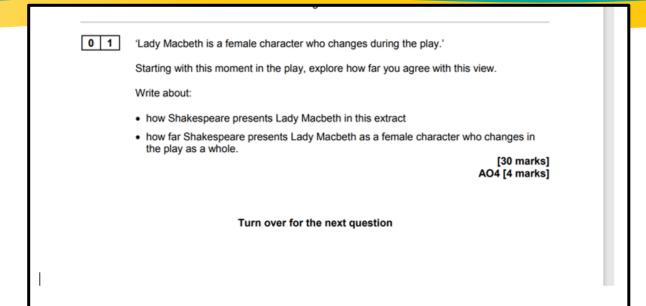


For Examiner's Use

TOTAL

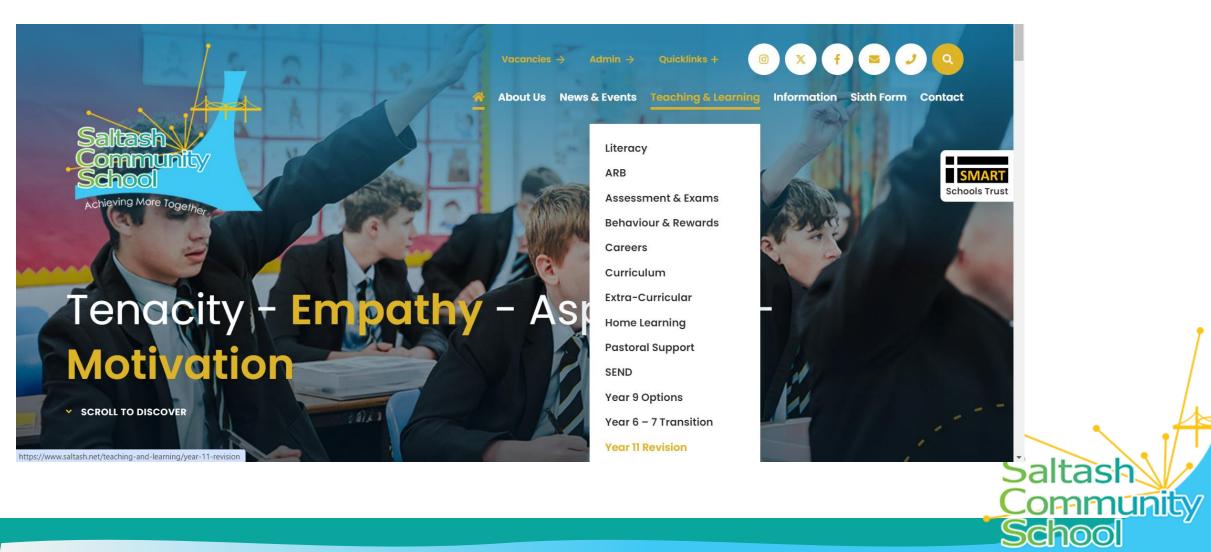


- Exam practice doesn't have to mean sit down and complete a full exam!
- Learners should engage with their subject teachers regarding questions and timings.

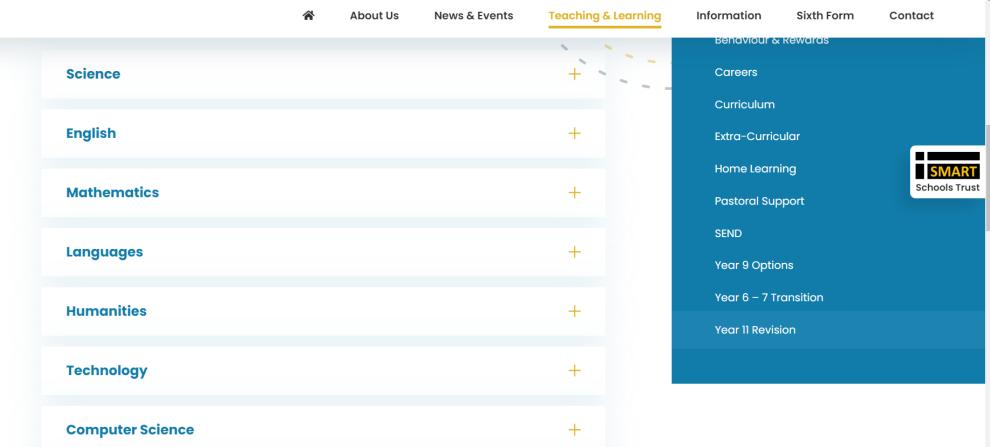


Shakespeare initially presents Lady Macbeth as cold-hearted women who wants to rid herself of her femininity and adopt more masculine features such as concealing her emotions. We can see her character develop throughout the play as she ignores her guilt, which appears to be very little in contrast with Macbeth and gives her more stability and security. By the end of the play, her emotions reveal themselves and come forward in gradual 'spots' of guilt and her façade crumbles. Shakespeare presents her attitude to have changes and she asks for her femininity to come back to her. Her insecurity is evident in her madness and somnambulant actions.





Achieving More Together

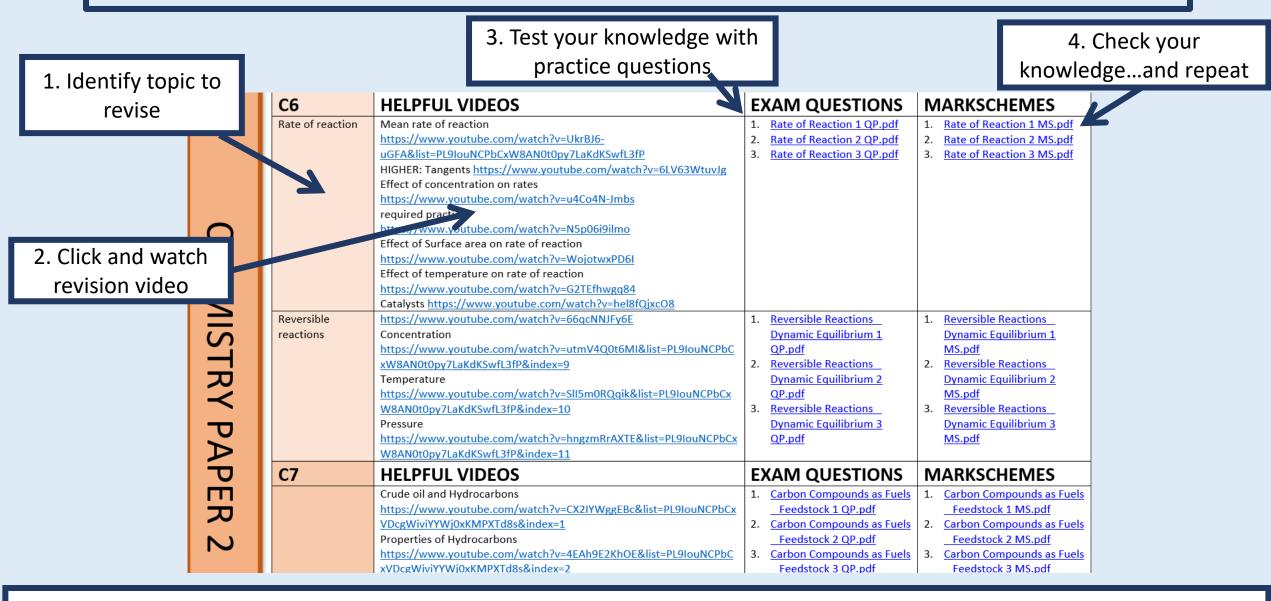




English, Maths and Science-specific notices

English	Maths	Science
Head of Department: Sam	Head of Department: Carlton	Head of Department: Chris
Oates <u>soates@saltashcloud.net</u>	Farnham	Henderson
	cfarnham@saltashcloud.net	chenderson@saltashcloud.net
Key Topics: Literature	Every Year 11 has a Sparx	Past papers and revision
Macbeth	Maths login. This system tracks	materials can be found here:
A Christmas Carol	individual strengths and	回的深 端。《新游 》的第一
An Inspector Calls	weaknesses, and provides new	
Power and Conflict Poetry	questions in order to address	
	these weaker areas.	
Key Topics: Language		
Paper 1 Question 4		Professional Control
Question 5 (both papers)		
Paper 1 Question 4 and 5 will		
be the focus of the upcoming		
mock.		

How to support science revision at home



How much should I be doing? Little and often. Pick 5 topics per week 🛽

How to support science homework at home

Mock exam questions are coming home every two weeks. How can you support?

- Encourage them to do it
- If they are resistant perhaps try a question a day

Skills homework is coming home every week.

How can you support?

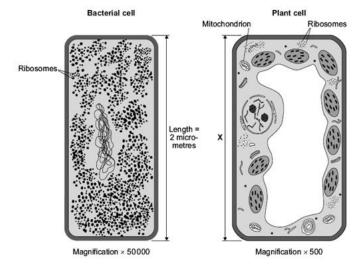
- Encourage them to do it
- These are 10 minute tasks so perhaps set a time aside one day a week for this to be completed

Science is worth 2 GCSE's which is why there are two h/w's per week



Science Form Time Activities

Science Skills 7



State two similarities between a bacterial cell and a plant cell

State <u>two</u> differences between a bacterial and a plant cell

Putting it all together



Revision should be completed gradually, over time.

Revision should be mixed and matched between subjects and topics.

Have conversations about revision timetables NOW – the sooner the better!



Both <u>flashcards</u> and <u>mind maps</u> allow for retrieval practice – working from (and therefore improving) learner memory.

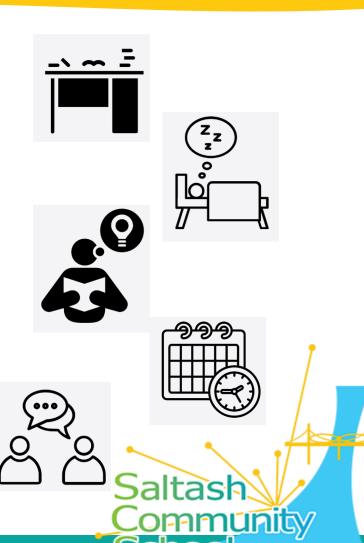
Both are most effective when the core knowledge is <u>elaborated</u> on in some way – this could be done by using <u>examples</u> or by <u>dual-coding</u> this knowledge.

Flashcards and mind maps are the 'prep work' to the main event – <u>exam practice</u>. This will look different in every subject.

Encourage your child to have conversations with their subject teachers NOW regarding what practice papers are available.

How can you help from home?

- Provide a clear and calm study environment wherever possible.
- Help create a **revision schedule** that is realistic.
- Model mobile phone breaks and enable good-quality sleep.
- Support with rest breaks.
- Ask your child to elaborate engage with their flashcards and mind maps.
- Check they are using the revision techniques described.
- Keep key dates and timetable on the fridge.
- Talk with them.
- Talk with us.



Achieving More Together

If you need any further support or advice...





net

sdelgaudio@saltashcloud.net

Acting Headteacher, wider school queries

jperry@saltashcloud.net

- Deputy Headteacher, focus on Teaching and Learning



hcrook@saltashcloud.net

- Pastoral care, health and wellbeing



tward@saltashcloud.net

- Revision schedules, English and Maths interventions, rewards



Thank you





